

KNSW MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY		
Effective Date: 01 January 2019	Version: 1.0	Review Date: 01 January 2021

PART A: MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY

1. Introduction

Karting (New South Wales) Inc's (**KNSW**) primary mission is the organisation and governance of the sport of Karting in New South Wales. Its secondary mission is promoting the growth and development of recreational Karting, leading to competitive opportunities by providing (a) support, (b) assistance to clubs through coaching and training programs, (c) the promotion of "come and try" days.

2. Purpose of this policy

This Member Protection Policy ("policy") aims to assist KNSW to uphold its core values and create a safe, fair and inclusive environment for everyone associated with our sport. It sets out our commitment to ensure that every person bound by the policy is treated with respect and dignity and protected from discrimination, harassment and abuse. It also seeks to ensure that everyone involved in our sport is aware of their key legal and ethical rights and responsibilities, as well as the standards of behaviour expected of them.

The attachments to this policy describe the practical steps we will take to eliminate discrimination, harassment, child abuse and other forms of inappropriate behaviour from our sport. As part of this commitment, the policy allows KNSW to take disciplinary action against any person or organisation bound by this policy if they breach the policy.

The current policy and its attachments can be obtained from our website:

www.kartingnsw.com.au.

3. Who is bound by this policy

This policy should apply to as many persons as possible who are involved with the activities of KNSW, whether they are in a paid or unpaid/voluntary capacity and including:

- Persons appointed or elected to the KNSW board, Affiliated Club boards, committees and sub-committees
- Employees and volunteers of KNSW
- KNSW Officials and assistant officials
- Drivers participating under the KNSW Rules and Regulations
- Members of KNSW and Affiliated Clubs, including life members
- Parents, guardians spectators and sponsors to the full extent possible;
- Karters, officials and other personnel participating in events and activities, including camps and training sessions, held or sanctioned by KNSW.
- Member associations, affiliated clubs and associated organisations or any other person to whom the policy may apply

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This policy will continue to apply to a person even after they have stopped their association or employment with KNSW if disciplinary action, relating to an allegation of child abuse against that person, has commenced.

4. Organisational responsibilities

KNSW and its Affiliated clubs must:

- a) adopt, implement and comply with this policy
- b) ensure that this policy is enforceable
- c) publish, distribute and promote this policy and the consequences of any breaches of the policy
- d) promote and model appropriate standards of behaviour at all times
- e) deal with any complaints made under this policy in an appropriate manner
- f) deal with any breaches of this policy in an appropriate manner
- g) recognise and enforce any penalty imposed under this policy
- h) ensure that a copy of this policy is available or accessible to all people and organisations to whom this policy applies
- i) use appropriately trained people to receive and manage complaints and allegations of inappropriate behaviour (e.g. Member Protection Information Officers)
- j) monitor and review this policy at least biannually.

5. Individual responsibilities

Individuals bound by this policy must:

- a) make themselves aware of the contents of this policy;
- b) comply with all relevant provisions of the policy, including any codes of conduct and the steps for making a complaint or reporting possible child abuse set out in this policy;
- c) consent to the NSW Working with Children checks screening requirements set out in this policy, if the person holds or applies for a role that involves regular contact with a child or young person under the age of 18 or where otherwise required by law.
- d) place the safety and welfare of children above other considerations;
- e) be accountable for their behaviour: and,
- f) comply with any decisions and/or disciplinary measures imposed under this policy.

6. Position statements

6.1 Child protection

KNSW is committed to the safety and well-being of all children and young people who participate in our sport or access our services. We support the rights of the child and will act at all times to ensure that a child-safe environment is maintained.

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We acknowledge the valuable contribution made by our staff, members and volunteers and we encourage their active participation in providing a safe, fair and inclusive environment for all participants.

6.1.1 Identify and analyse risk of harm

We will develop and implement a risk management strategy, including a review of our existing child protection practices, to determine how child-safe our organisation is and to identify any additional steps we can take to minimise and prevent the risk of harm to children because of the actions of an employee, volunteer or another person.

6.1.2 Develop codes of behaviour

We will develop and promote a code of behaviour that sets out the conduct we expect of adults when they deal and interact with children involved in our sport, especially those in our care. We will also implement a code of behaviour to promote appropriate conduct between children.

These codes will clearly describe professional boundaries, ethical behaviour and unacceptable behavior. (Refer to the attachments in Part B of this policy.)

6.1.3 Choose suitable employees and volunteers

We will take all reasonable steps to ensure that our organisation engages suitable and appropriate people to work with children, especially those in positions that involve regular unsupervised contact with children. This will include using a range of screening measures.

We will ensure that Working with Children Checks are conducted for volunteers who work with children, where an assessment is required by law. If a criminal history report is obtained as part of their screening process, we will handle this information confidentially and in accordance with the relevant legal requirements. (Refer to the attachments in Part C of this policy.)

6.1.4 Support, train, supervise and enhance performance

We will ensure that all our employees and volunteers who work with children have ongoing supervision, support and training. Our goal is to develop their skills and capacity and to enhance their performance so we can maintain a child-safe environment in our sport.

6.1.5: Empower and promote the participation of children

We will encourage children and young people to be involved in developing and maintaining a child-safe environment for our sport.

6.1.6: Report and respond appropriately to suspected abuse and neglect

We will ensure that all our employees and volunteers are able to identify and respond appropriately to children at risk of harm and that they are aware of their responsibilities under

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state laws to make a report if they suspect on reasonable grounds that a child has been, or is being, abused or neglected. (Refer to the attachments in Part E of this policy.)

Further, if any person believes that another person or organisation bound by this policy is acting inappropriately towards a child, or is in breach of this policy, he or she may make an internal complaint to us. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this policy.)

6.2 Taking images of children

There is a risk that images of children may be used inappropriately or illegally. KNSW requires that individuals and associations, wherever possible, obtain permission from a child's parent/guardian before taking an image of a child that is not their own. They should also make sure the parent/guardian understands how the image will be used.

To respect people's privacy, we do not allow camera phones, videos and cameras to be used inside changing areas, showers and toilets which we control or are used in connection with our sport.

When using a photo of a child, we will not name or identify the child or publish personal information, such as residential address, email address or telephone number, without the consent of the child's parent/guardian. We will not provide information about a child's hobbies, interests, school or the like, as this can be used by paedophiles or other persons to "groom" a child.

6.3 Anti-discrimination and harassment

KNSW is committed to providing an environment in which people are treated fairly and equitably and that is, as far as practicable, free from all forms of discrimination and harassment.

We recognise that people may not be able to enjoy themselves or perform at their best if they are treated unfairly, discriminated against or harassed.

6.3.1 Discrimination

Unlawful discrimination involves the less favourable treatment of a person on the basis of one or more of the personal characteristics protected by state or federal anti-discrimination laws.

The personal characteristics protected by anti-discrimination laws include attributes such as race, age, disability, gender and race. The full list of protected personal characteristics is in the "Definitions" set out in the Dictionary of Terms.

Discrimination can be either direct or indirect.

- ❑ **Direct** discrimination occurs if a person treats, or proposes to treat, a person with a protected personal characteristic unfavourably because of that personal characteristic.

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- ❑ **Indirect** discrimination occurs if a person imposes, or proposes to impose, a requirement, condition or practice that will disadvantage a person with a protected personal characteristic and that requirement, condition or practice is not reasonable.

For the purposes of determining discrimination, the offender's awareness and motive are irrelevant.

6.3.2 Harassment

Harassment is any unwelcome conduct, verbal, physical or psychological, that intimidates, offends or humiliates another person and which happens because a person has a certain personal characteristic protected by State or Federal anti-discrimination legislation.

The offensive behaviour does not have to take place a number of times, a single incident can constitute harassment.

Sexual harassment is one type of harassment. Sexual harassment is unwelcome conduct, remarks or innuendo of a sexual nature. It covers a wide range of behaviours and can be verbal, written, visual or physical. Sexual harassment is not limited to members of the opposite sex.

6.3.3 Prohibition against discrimination and harassment

We prohibit all forms of harassment and discrimination based on the personal characteristics listed in the "Definitions" set out in the Dictionary of Terms (see clause 10).

Any person who believes they are being, or have been, harassed or discriminated against by another person or organisation bound by this policy is encouraged to raise their concerns with us. A person may make an internal complaint, and in some circumstances, they may also be able to make a complaint to an external organisation. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this policy.)

6.4 Gender identity

Gender identity means the gender-related identity, appearance or mannerisms or other gender-related characteristics of a person. This includes the way people express or present their gender and recognises that a person's gender identity may be an identity other than male or female. Some terms used to describe a person's gender identity include trans, transgender and gender diverse.

6.4.1 Gender identity discrimination and harassment

Federal, state and territory anti-discrimination laws provide protection from discrimination against people on the basis of their gender identity. (See definition in Dictionary of terms).

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KNSW is committed to providing a safe, fair and inclusive sporting environment where people can contribute and participate. We will not tolerate any unlawful discrimination or harassment of a person because of their gender identity.

All persons, regardless of gender identity, are entitled to be treated fairly and with dignity and respect at all times. We will not tolerate any unlawful discrimination or harassment of a person because of their gender identity. This includes discrimination or harassment of a person who is transgender or transsexual, who is assumed to be transgender or transsexual or has an association with someone who has or is assumed to be transgender or transsexual. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this policy.)

We expect all people bound by this policy to act with sensitivity when a person is undergoing gender transition/affirmation.

If any person believes that they are being, or have been, harassed or discriminated against by another person or organisation bound by this policy because of their gender identity, they may make a complaint.

6.5 Participation in sport

KNSW recognises that excluding people from participating in sporting events and activities because of their gender identity may have significant implications for their health, wellbeing and involvement in community life. We are committed to supporting participation in our sport on the basis of the gender with which a person identifies.

If issues of performance advantage arise, we will consider whether the established discrimination exceptions for participation in sport are relevant in the circumstances. Discrimination is unlawful unless an exception applies.

Drug testing procedures and prohibitions also apply to people who identify as transgender. A person receiving treatment involving a Prohibited Substance or Method, as described on the World Anti-Doping Agency's Prohibited List, should apply for a standard Therapeutic Use Exemption.

6.6.3. Intersex status

Federal anti-discrimination law, and some state and territory anti-discrimination laws, provide protection from discrimination against a person on the basis of their intersex status. (See Dictionary of terms).

KNSW is committed to providing a safe, fair and inclusive sporting environment where all people can contribute and participate. We will not tolerate any unlawful discrimination or harassment of a person because of their intersex status.

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6.7 Responsible service and consumption of alcohol

6.7.1 General Provisions

KNSW is committed to conducting sporting and social events in a manner that promotes the responsible service and consumption of alcohol. We also recommend that member clubs follow strict guidelines regarding the service and consumption of alcohol.

In general, our policy is that:

- alcohol should not be available or consumed at Karting events involving children and young people under the age of 18;
- alcohol-free social events be provided for young people and families;
- Food and low-alcohol and non-alcoholic drinks be available at events we hold or endorse where alcohol is served;
- a staff member or KNSW Board Director or KNSW Affiliated Club Committee Member is present at events we hold or endorse where alcohol is served to ensure appropriate practices in respect of the consumption of alcohol are followed;
- safe transport options be promoted as part of any event we hold or endorse where alcohol is served.

6.7.2 Whilst Participating in a motor sport activity

The maximum permitted blood alcohol content during a KNSW sanctioned event is 0.01mg/100ml.

Any KNSW employee, contractor, Official, Volunteer or Member (including but not limited to Drivers, Parents, Legal Guardians, Competitors and Team Members as defined by the KNSW Rules and Regulations found to exceed this amount will be excluded from any further participation in the race meeting and may face further penalties.

The consumption of alcohol by any of the above persons in the Paddock, Event Headquarters or any section of a competition venue under the control of KNSW Officials of the Race Meeting is strictly forbidden until all Practice and/or Competition has concluded for each day or an Event or Race Meeting.

The above defined person shall not:-

- At any time present for Practice or Competition evidencing consumption of alcohol or be affected by illicit drugs;
- Engage in excessive consumption of alcohol that leads to behaviour that is deemed unlawful, creates a public nuisance/public disturbance/disturbance to a fellow karter; and
- Consume alcohol on board any motor vehicle whilst representing KNSW or officiating for KNSW and/or whilst travelling to or from any KNSW sanctioned practice, competition, Event or function.

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KNSW Officials who are officiating at an Event must not consume alcohol at an Event until such time as their responsibilities as an official have been completed on each day of the Event.

6.8 Smoke-free environment

KNSW is committed to providing a safe and healthy environment at all Karting and social events that we hold or endorse.

In general, our policy is that:

- a) no smoking shall occur at or near sporting events involving children and young people under the age of 18. This policy shall apply to Karters, trainers, officials and volunteers;
- b) social events shall be smoke-free, with smoking permitted at designated outdoor smoking areas; and
- c) officials, trainers, volunteers and karters will refrain from smoking while they are involved in an official capacity in our sport, both on and off the field.

6.9 Bullying

KNSW is committed to providing an environment that is free from bullying. We understand that bullying has the potential to result in significant negative consequences for an individual's health and wellbeing, and we regard bullying in all forms as unacceptable in our sport.

Bullying is characterised by repeated, unreasonable behaviour directed at a person, or group of persons, that creates a risk to health and safety. Bullying behaviour is that which a reasonable person in the circumstances would expect to victimise, humiliate, undermine, threaten, degrade, offend or intimidate a person. Bullying behaviour can include actions of an individual or a group.

Whilst generally characterised by repeated behaviours, one-off instances can amount to bullying.

The following types of behaviour, where repeated or occurring as part of a pattern of behaviour, would be considered bullying:

- a) verbal abuse including shouting, swearing, teasing, making belittling remarks or persistent unjustified criticism;
- b) excluding or isolating a group or person;
- c) spreading malicious rumours; or
- d) psychological harassment such as intimidation.

Bullying includes cyber-bullying which occurs through the use of technology. New technologies and communication tools, such as smart phones and social networking websites, have greatly increased the potential for people to be bullied through unwanted and inappropriate comments. KNSW will not tolerate abusive, discriminatory, intimidating or offensive statements being made online. Frustration at an official, karter, and sporting body should never be communicated on social

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networking websites. These issues should instead be addressed – in a written or verbal statement or a complaint – to the relevant controlling club, or KNSW.

If any person believes they are being, or have been, bullied by another person or organisation bound by this policy, he or she may make a complaint. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this policy.)

6.10 Social networking

KNSW acknowledges the enormous value of social networking to promote our sport and celebrate the achievements and success of the people involved in our sport.

Social networking refers to any interactive website or technology that enables people to communicate and/or share content via the internet. This includes social networking websites such as Facebook and Twitter.

We expect all people bound by this policy to conduct themselves appropriately when using social networking sites to share information related to our sport.

In particular, social media activity including, but not limited to, postings, blogs, status updates, and tweets:

- a) must not contain material which is, or has the potential to be, offensive, aggressive, defamatory, threatening, discriminatory, obscene, profane, harassing,
- b) embarrassing, intimidating, sexually explicit, bullying, hateful, racist, sexist or otherwise inappropriate;
- c) must not contain material which is inaccurate, misleading or fraudulent;
- d) must not contain material which is in breach of laws, court orders, undertakings or contracts;
- e) should respect and maintain the privacy of others; and
- f) should promote the sport in a positive way.

6.11 Other relevant policies

Other KNSW relevant policies can be found at www.kartingnsw.com.au.

7. Complaints procedures

7.1 Handling complaints

KNSW aims to provide a simple, confidential and trustworthy procedure for resolving complaints based on the principles of procedural fairness.

Any person (a complainant) may report a complaint about a person, people or organisation bound by this policy (respondent) if they feel they have been discriminated against, harassed, bullied or there has been any other breach of this policy.

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In the first instance, complaints should be reported to the KNSW Member Protection Information Officers through the KNSW Office.

A complaint may be handled informally or formally. The complainant may indicate his or her preferred. Member Protection Officer should consider whether that is an appropriate way to handle the particular complaint. For example, the law may require that the complaint/allegation be reported to an appropriate authority.

All complaints will be dealt with promptly, seriously, sensitively and confidentially. Our procedures for handling and resolving complaints are outlined in Attachment (D1).

Individuals and organisations may also seek to have their complaint handled by an external agency under anti-discrimination, child protection, criminal or other relevant legislation.

7.2 Improper complaints and victimization

KNSW aims to ensure that our complaints procedure has integrity and is free of unfair repercussions or victimisation against any person making a complaint.

We will take all necessary steps to make sure that people involved in a complaint are not victimised. Disciplinary measures may be undertaken in respect of a person who harasses or victimises another person for making a complaint or supporting another person's complaint.

If at any point in the complaint handling process the KNSW chief operations manager considers that a complainant has knowingly made an untrue complaint, or the complaint is malicious or inappropriately intended to cause distress to the respondent, the matter may be referred in writing to the Chairman for review and appropriate action, including possible disciplinary action against the complainant.

7.3 Mediation

KNSW aims to resolve complaints quickly and fairly. Complaints may be resolved by agreement between the people involved with no need for disciplinary action.

Mediation is a confidential process that allows those involved in a complaint to discuss the issues or incident in question and come up with mutually agreed solutions. It may occur before or after the investigation of a complaint.

If a complainant wishes to resolve the complaint with the help of a mediator, the Member Protection Information Officer, will, in consultation with the complainant, arrange for an independent mediator where possible. We will not allow lawyers to participate in the mediation process.

More information on the mediation process is outlined in Attachment (D2).

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7.4 Tribunals

In accordance with KNSW Rules and Regulations, a Tribunal may be convened to hear a proceeding:

- a) referred to it or escalated by KNSW because of the serious nature of the complaint; or
- b) for an alleged breach of this policy.

Our Tribunal procedure is outlined in Attachment (D4).

A respondent may lodge an appeal to the Appeal Tribunal in respect of a Tribunal decision. The decision of the Appeal Tribunal is final and binding on the people involved. Our appeals process is outlined in Attachment (D4).

Every organisation bound by this policy will recognise and enforce any decision of a Tribunal or Appeal Tribunal under this policy.

8. What is a breach of this policy?

It is a breach of this policy for any person or organisation bound by this policy to do anything contrary to this policy, including but not limited to:

- a) breaching the codes of behaviour (see Part B of this policy);
- b) bringing KNSW into disrepute, or acting in a manner likely to bring KNSW into disrepute.
- c) failing to follow KNSW policies (including this policy) and KNSW procedures for the protection, safety and well-being of children;
- d) discriminating against, harassing or bullying (including cyber-bullying) any person;
- e) victimising another person for making or supporting a complaint;
- f) engaging in an inappropriate intimate relationship with a person that he or she supervises, or has influence, authority or power over;
- g) verbally or physically assaulting another person, intimidating another person or creating a hostile environment within the sport;
- h) disclosing to any unauthorised person or organisation any KNSW information that is of a private, confidential or privileged nature;
- i) making a complaint that they know to be untrue, vexatious, malicious or improper;
- j) failing to comply with a penalty imposed after a finding that the individual or organisation has breached this policy; and
- k) failing to comply with a direction given to the individual or organisation as part of a disciplinary process.

9. Disciplinary measures

KNSW may impose disciplinary measures on an individual or organisation for a breach of this policy.

Any disciplinary measure imposed will be:

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- a) fair and reasonable;
- b) applied consistent with any contractual and employment rules and requirements;
- c) be based on the evidence and information presented and the seriousness of the breach; and
- d) be determined in accordance with our constituent documents, by-laws, this policy and/or the rules of the sport.

9.1 Individual

Subject to contractual and employment requirements, if a finding is made by a Tribunal that an individual has breached this policy, one or more of the following forms of discipline may be imposed.

- a) a direction that the individual makes a verbal and/or written apology.
- b) a written warning;
- c) a direction that the individual attend counselling to address their behaviour;
- d) a withdrawal of any awards, placings, activities or events held or sanctioned by KNSW.
- e) a demotion or transfer of the individual to another location, role or activity;
- f) a suspension of the individual's membership or participation or engagement in a role or activity;
- g) termination of the individual's membership, appointment or engagement;
- h) a recommendation that KNSW terminate the individual's membership,
- i) in the case of an official, a direction that the relevant organisation de-register the accreditation of the official for a period of time or permanently;
- j) a fine;
- k) any other form of discipline that KNSW considers appropriate.

9.2 Organisation

If a finding is made that a breach of this policy has occurred, one or more of the following forms of discipline may be imposed by the Tribunal.

- a) a written warning;
- b) a fine;
- c) a direction that any rights, privileges and benefits provided to that organisation by the national body or other peak association be suspended for a specified period;
- d) a direction that any funding granted or given to it by KNSW cease from a specified date;
- e) a direction that KNSW cease to sanction events held by or under the auspices of that organisation;
- f) a recommendation to KNSW that its membership of KNSW be suspended or terminated in accordance with the relevant constitution or rules;
- g) any other form of discipline that the national body or peak organisation considers reasonable and appropriate.

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9.3 Factors to consider

The form of discipline to be imposed on an individual or organisation will depend on factors, such as:

- the nature and seriousness of the breach
- if the person knew, or should have known, that the behaviour was a breach of the policy
- the person's level of contrition
- the effect of the proposed disciplinary measures on the person, including any personal, professional or financial consequences
- if there have been any relevant prior warnings or disciplinary action
- the ability to enforce disciplinary measures if the person is a parent or spectator (even if they are bound by the policy)
- any other mitigating circumstances.

PART B: CODES OF BEHAVIOUR

We seek to provide a safe, fair and inclusive environment for everyone involved in our organisation and in our sport.

To achieve this, we require certain standards of behaviour by karters, officials, administrators, parents/guardians (of child participants) and spectators.

Our codes of behaviour are underpinned by the following core values.

- Be ethical, fair and honest in all their dealings with other people and KNSW
- Treat all persons with respect and courtesy and have proper regard for their dignity, rights and obligations;
- Always place the safety and welfare of children above other considerations;
- Comply with the KNSW constitution, rules, regulations and policies including this Member Protection Policy;
- Operate within the rules and spirit of the sport;
- Comply with all relevant Australian laws (Federal and State), particularly anti-discrimination and child protection laws;
- Be responsible and accountable for their conduct; and
- Abide by the relevant Role-Specific Codes of Conduct.

ATTACHMENTS

A template is available at: <https://www.playbytherules.net.au/resources/templates>

Individual clubs are encouraged to seek that all parents, coaches, officials, administrators and other relevant persons sign an agreement to be bound by this policy and/or any code of behaviour.

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PART C: EMPLOYMENT SCREENING / WORKING WITH CHILDREN CHECK REQUIREMENTS

We are committed to providing a safe environment for children. As part of this, we will recruit staff and volunteers who do not pose a risk to children.

Employment screening and Working with Children Checks can involve criminal history checks, signed declarations, referee checks and other appropriate checks that assess a person's suitability to work with children and young people.

Working with Children Check laws are currently in place in New South Wales, Queensland, Western Australia, Victoria, the Northern Territory, the Australian Capital Territory, Tasmania and South Australia.

ALL KNSW clubs, will meet the requirements of the relevant state Working with Children Check laws.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment C1: Member Protection Declaration Attachment C2:
Working with Children Check requirements

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PART D: COMPLAINT HANDLING PROCEDURES

We will deal with all complaints in a fair, timely and transparent manner. All complaints will be treated seriously.

We will provide individuals with an informal and formal process to resolve the matter, along with access to an external complaint handling body, based on the nature of the complaint and our rules and regulations.

We also provide an appeals process for those matters.

We will maintain confidentiality where possible and as provided in this policy and seek to ensure that no one is victimised for making, supporting or providing information about a complaint.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment D1: Complaints procedure
Attachment D2. Mediation
Attachment D3. Investigation procedure
Attachment D4. Tribunal procedure

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PART E: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND DOCUMENTS/FORMS

We will ensure that all the complaints we receive, both formal and informal, are properly documented. This includes recording how the complaint was resolved and the outcome of the complaint.

This information, and any additional records and notes, will be treated confidentially (subject to disclosure required by law or permitted under this policy) and stored in a secure place.

We will treat any allegation of child abuse or neglect promptly, seriously and with a high degree of sensitivity.

We will ensure that everyone who works with our organisation in a paid or unpaid capacity understands how to appropriately receive and record allegations of child abuse and neglect and how to report those allegations to the relevant authorities in their state or territory.

ATTACHMENTS

- Attachment E1: Record of informal complaint
- Attachment E2: Record of formal complaint
- Attachment E3: Handling an allegation of child abuse Confidential
- Attachment E4: record of child abuse allegation

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Dictionary of terms

This Dictionary sets out the meaning of words used in this policy and its attachments, without limiting the ordinary and natural meaning of the words. Further detail or definitions that are specific to different states and territories can be sourced from the relevant child protection authorities or equal opportunity and anti-discrimination commissions.

Abuse is the violation of an individual's human or civil rights through the act or actions of another person or persons. Types of abuse include physical abuse, psychological or emotional abuse, sexual abuse, constraints and restrictive practices, financial abuse, legal or civil abuse and systemic abuse.

Affiliated club means those clubs or organisations (howsoever described), which are a member of, or affiliated to KNSW.

Child means a person who is under the age of 18.

Child abuse involves conduct which puts a child at risk of harm and may include:

- **physical abuse**, which occurs when a child has suffered, or is at risk of suffering, non-accidental physical trauma or injury. This may include, but is not limited to, hitting, shaking or other physical harm; giving a child alcohol or drugs; or training that exceeds the child's development or maturity.
- **sexual abuse**, which occurs when an adult, other child, or adolescent uses their power or authority to involve a child in a sexual activity or any other inappropriate conduct of a sexual nature (e.g. sexual intercourse, masturbation, oral sex, pornography, including child pornography, sexting or inappropriate touching or conversations).
- **emotional abuse**, which occurs when a child's social, emotional, cognitive or intellectual development is impaired or threatened. Emotional abuse can include, but is not limited to, emotional deprivation due to persistent rejection or criticism, hostility, teasing/bullying, humiliation, taunting, sarcasm, yelling, name-calling or placing unrealistic expectations on a child.
- **neglect**, which occurs when a child's basic necessities of life are not met and their health and development are affected. Basic needs include food, water, shelter, adequate clothing, personal hygiene, timely provision of medical treatment and adequate supervision.

Complaint means a complaint made under clause (7) of this policy

Complainant means the person making a complaint.

Complaint handler/manager means the person appointed under this policy to investigate a complaint.

Discrimination occurs when someone is treated (or is proposed to be treated) unfairly or less favourably than another person in the same or similar circumstances because of one of the personal characteristics covered by anti-discrimination laws. This is known as direct discrimination. Indirect discrimination occurs when there is (or is proposed) an unreasonable requirement, condition or practice that seems to treat

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everyone equally, but which has or is likely to have the effect of disadvantaging persons with a personal characteristic covered by anti-discrimination laws.

In Australia, it is against the law to discriminate against someone because of:

- age
- sex or gender
- gender identity
- intersex status
- race, colour, descent, national or ethnic origin, nationality, ethno-religious origin, immigration
- disability, mental and physical impairment
- family/carer responsibilities, status as a parent or carer
- marital status
- pregnancy, potential pregnancy, breastfeeding
- sexual orientation and gender identity
- physical features
- irrelevant medical record
- irrelevant criminal record, spent convictions
- political beliefs or activities
- religion, religious beliefs or activities
- national extraction or social origin
- lawful sexual activity
- profession, trade, occupation or calling
- member of association or organisation of employees or employers, industrial activity, trade union activity
- defence service
- personal association with someone who has, or is assumed to have, any of the above characteristics

Examples of discrimination are available on the Play by the Rules website:
<https://www.playbytherules.net.au/got-an-issue/inclusion-and-diversity/inclusion-and-diversity-what-is-it>

Some exceptions to state, territory and federal anti-discrimination law apply, including exceptions for sporting activities, such as:

- holding a competitive sporting activity for a specific age or age group (e.g. only those who are under the age of 15 years);
- excluding people on the basis of their sex and/or gender identity status from participation in a competitive sporting activity where the strength, stamina or physique of competitors is relevant to the specific activity (note that this does not apply to activity by children who are under the age of 12 years); and

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- not selecting a participant if the person's disability means he or she is not reasonably capable of performing the actions reasonably required for that particular sporting activity.

Harassment is any type of unwelcome behaviour which has the effect of offending, humiliating or intimidating the person harassed. Unlawful harassment can be based on any of the personal characteristics covered by anti-discrimination law, such as a person's race, sex, pregnancy, marital status or sexual orientation (see the list under "Discrimination"). Public acts of racial hatred which are reasonably likely to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate are also prohibited. This applies to spectators, participants or any other person who engages in such an act in public. Some states and territories also prohibit public acts that vilify people on other grounds such as homosexuality, gender identity, HIV/AIDS, religion and disability (see also "Vilification").

Member means a financial member of KNSW or any of its Affiliated Clubs.

Member Protection Information Officer means a person appointed by KNSW to be the first point of contact for a person reporting an issue or a complaint under, or a breach of, this policy.

Procedural fairness requires that:

- the respondent knows the full details of what is being said against him or her and they have the opportunity to respond;
- no person may judge their own case; and
- the decision-maker(s) must be unbiased, fair and just.

Police check means a national criminal history record check conducted as a pre-employment, pre-engagement or current employment background check on a person.

Policy, and this policy means this Member Protection Policy.

Respondent means the person whose behaviour is the subject of the complaint.

Role-specific codes of conduct (or behaviour) means standards of conduct required of people holding certain roles in our organisation (e.g. officials).

Sexual harassment means unwelcome behaviour of a sexual nature which could reasonably be expected to make a person feel humiliated, intimidated or offended. Sexual harassment can take many different forms and may include unwelcome physical contact, verbal comments, jokes, propositions, displays of pornographic or offensive material or other behaviour that creates a sexually hostile environment. Sexual harassment does not have to be intentional.

Sexual offence means a criminal offence involving sexual activity or acts of indecency. Because of differences under state and territory laws, this can include but is not limited to:

- rape
- indecent assault
- sexual assault

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- assault with intent to commit sexual acts
- incest
- sexual penetration of child under the age of 16 years
- indecent act with child under the age of 16 years
- sexual relationship with child under the age of 16 years
- sexual offences against people with impaired mental functioning
- abduction and detention
- procuring sexual penetration by threats or fraud
- procuring sexual penetration of child under the age of 16 years
- bestiality
- soliciting a child under the age of 16 years to take part in an act of sexual penetration, or an indecent act
- promoting or engaging in acts of child prostitution obtaining benefits from child prostitution
- possession of child pornography
- publishing child pornography and indecent articles.
- sexting

Transgender 'Transgender' is an umbrella term that refers to a person whose gender identity is different to their physical sex as recorded at birth. Transitioning refers to the process where a transgender person commences living as a member of another sex. This is sometimes referred to as the person 'affirming' their gender because transitioning means they start living in what they identify as their true gender. For people who are transitioning/affirming their gender, having their identity fully recognised in all areas of life is a crucial part of the experience of living as their affirmed gender.

Sexual orientation: The term 'sexual orientation' refers to a person's emotional or sexual attraction to another person, including, amongst others, the following identities: heterosexual, gay, lesbian, bisexual, pansexual, asexual or same-sex attracted.

Gender identity: The term 'gender identity' refers to a person deeply held internal and individual sense of gender.

Gender expression: The term 'gender expression' refers to the way in which a person externally expresses their gender or how they are perceived by others.

Intersex: The term 'intersex' refers to people who have genetic, hormonal or physical characteristics that are not exclusively 'male' or 'female'. A person who is intersex may identify as male, female, intersex or as being of indeterminate sex.

Victimisation means treating someone unfairly or unfavourably, or threatening to do so, because that person has, or intends to, pursue their right to make any complaint, including a complaint under government legislation (e.g. anti-discrimination legislation) or under this policy, or for supporting another person to make complaint.

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Vilification means behaviour that occurs in public which incites hatred towards, serious contempt for, or revulsion or severe ridicule of a person or group of people because that person or persons have a particular personal characteristic. Anti-discrimination laws in Australia make it unlawful to vilify a person or group of persons on the basis of race, religion, homosexuality, transgender status and HIV/AIDS status.

NOTE: Additional obligations may apply under relevant/applicable state or territory anti-discrimination laws.

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Attachment C1: MEMBER PROTECTION DECLARATION

KNSW has a duty of care to all those associated with our organisation and to the individuals and organisations to whom this policy applies. It is a requirement of KNSW Member Protection Policy that we check the background of each person who works, officials or has regular contact with children and young people under the age of 18 years.

I (name) of.....

..... (address) born/...../.....

sincerely declare:

1. I do not have any criminal charge pending before the courts.
2. I do not have any criminal convictions or findings of guilt for sexual offences, offences related to children or acts of violence, or similar offences.
3. I have not had any disciplinary proceedings brought against me by an employer, sporting organisation or similar body involving child abuse, sexual misconduct or harassment, other forms of harassment or acts of violence.
4. I am not currently serving a sanction for an anti-doping rule violation under an Australian Sports Anti-Doping Authority (ASADA) approved anti-doping policy applicable to me.
5. I will not participate in, facilitate or encourage any practice prohibited by the World Anti-Doping Agency Code or any other ASADA approved anti-doping policy applicable to me.
6. To my knowledge, there is no other matter that KNSW may consider to constitute a risk to its members, employees, volunteers, karters or reputation by engaging me.
7. I will notify KNSW immediately upon becoming aware that any matter set out above has changed.

Declared in the state/territory of.....

on/...../..... (date) Signature

Consent of parent/guardian (on behalf of a person under the age of 18 years)

I have read and understood the declaration provided by my child. I confirm and warrant that the contents of the declaration provided by my child are true and correct in every particular.

Name: Signature:

Date:

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Attachment C2: WORKING WITH CHILDREN CHECK REQUIREMENTS

Working with Children Checks aim to create a child-safe environment and to protect children and young people involved in our sport from physical and sexual harm.

They assess the suitability of people to work with children and young people and can involve:

- criminal history checks;
 - signed declarations;
 - other relevant background checks to assess a person's suitability to work with children and young people.

Working with Children Check requirements vary across Australia. [Fact Sheets](#) for each state and territory are available on the Play by the Rules website: www.playbytherules.net

Detailed information, including the forms required to complete a Working with Children Check, are available from the relevant agencies in each state and territory.

Follow the link below and then click on the tab relevant to your state.

<https://www.playbytherules.net.au/got-an-issue/child-safe-sport/child-safeguarding-laws-explained>

Australian Capital Territory

Contact the Access Canberra

Website: www.accesscanberra.act.gov.au

Phone: 132 281

New South Wales

Contact the Office of the Children's Guardian

Website: <https://www.kidsguardian.nsw.gov.au/child-safe-organisations/working-with-children-check>

Phone: 02 8219 3600

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Attachment D1: COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

KNSW is committed to supporting people associated with our sport to make and resolve any complaints they may have in a fair, timely and effective way.

We will endeavour to deal with complaints on a confidential basis. We will not provide information about the complaint to another person without the complainant's consent, except if the law requires us to disclose this information or it is necessary to properly deal with the complaint. To ensure fairness for everyone involved, we will provide the full details of the complaint to the person or people against whom the complaint has been made and ask for their response. As a result, it may be difficult for us to resolve complaints made anonymously.

We will provide **informal and formal procedures** to deal with complaints. Individuals and organisations can also make **complaints to external organisations** under anti-discrimination, child protection and other relevant laws.

Informal approaches

Step 1: Talk with the other person (if safe, reasonable and appropriate)

If you feel confident and comfortable to do so, you can approach the other person to discuss the issues and try and resolve the problem directly.

Step 2: Contact a Member Protection Information Officer

We encourage you to talk with one of our Member Protection Information Officer (MPIO) if:

- step 1 (above) is not appropriate;
- you are not sure how to handle the problem by yourself;
- you want to talk confidentially with someone and find out what options are available to address your concern; or
- the concern continues after you approached the other person.

Our MPIO can be contacted at the KNSW office on phone **02 4731 5000**.

The MPIO will:

- ask how you would like your concern to be resolved and if you need support
- seek to provide different options for you to address your concern
- act as a support person, if you wish
- refer you to an appropriate person (e.g. a mediator) to help you address your concern, if appropriate
- inform the relevant government authorities and/or police, if required by law to do so
- where possible and appropriate, maintain confidentiality.

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Step 3: Decide how to address your concern

After talking with the MPIO, you may decide:

- there is no problem;
- the problem is minor and you do not wish to take the matter forward;
- to try and resolve the problem yourself, with or without a support person;
- to resolve the problem with the help of someone impartial, such as a mediator; or
- to resolve the matter through a formal process.

Formal approaches

Step 4: Making a formal complaint

If it is not possible or appropriate to resolve your complaint through an informal process, you may:

- make a formal complaint in writing to info@knsnw.com.au or
- approach a relevant external agency, such as an anti-discrimination or equal opportunity commission, for advice and assistance.

After receiving a formal complaint, and based on the material you provide, KNSW MPIO will decide whether:

- he or she is the most appropriate person to receive and handle the complaint;
- the nature and seriousness of the complaint requires a formal resolution procedure;
- to refer the complaint to mediation;
- to appoint a person to investigate the complaint;
- to refer the complaint to a tribunal hearing;
- to refer the matter to the police or other appropriate authority; and/or
- to implement any interim arrangements that will apply until the complaint process is completed.

In dealing with your formal complaint, KNSW will take into account:

- ❑ whether he or she has had any personal involvement in the circumstances and if so, whether it is appropriate someone else should handle the complaint;
- ❑ your wishes, and the wishes of the respondent, regarding how the complaint should be handled;
- ❑ the relationship between you and the respondent (e.g. an actual or perceived power imbalance between you and the respondent);
- ❑ whether the facts of the complaint are in dispute; and
- ❑ the urgency of the complaint, including the possibility that you might face further unacceptable behaviour while the complaint process is underway.

If KNSW MPIO is the appropriate person to handle the complaint, he or she will, where appropriate and/or necessary:

- ❑ provide the information received from you to the other person(s) involved and ask for a response;
- ❑ decide if there is enough information to determine whether the matter alleged in your complaint did or did not occur; and/or
- ❑ determine what, if any, further action to take, including referring the matter for investigation or disciplinary action in accordance with this policy.

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Step 5: Investigating the complaint

In some cases, an investigation may be required to determine the facts surrounding the complaint. Our investigations procedure is outlined in (Attachment D3).

Following the investigation, a written report will be provided to the relevant officials and the complainant.

- If the complaint is referred to mediation, we will follow the steps outlined in (Attachment D2) or as agreed by you, the respondent and the mediator.
- If the complaint is referred to a tribunal hearing, the hearing will be conducted according to the steps outlined in (Attachment D4).
- If the complaint is referred to the police or another external agency, we will endeavour to provide all reasonable assistance required by the police or the agency.

Any costs incurred by us relating to the complaint process set out in this policy (e.g. investigation, mediation and/or a tribunal hearing) are to be met by KNSW.

Step 6: Reconsidering a complaint or appealing a decision

If the matter is referred to mediation and is not resolved at mediation, you may request that the KNSW MPIO reconsider the complaint in accordance with Step 3.

In accordance with KNSW rules you or the respondent(s) may also appeal a decision made at a tribunal hearing. The grounds and process for appeals are set out in (Attachment D4).

Step 7: Documenting the resolution

The KNSW Member Protection Information Officer will record the complaint, the steps taken to resolve it and the outcome. This information will be stored in a confidential and secure place.

Approaching external organisations

If you feel that you have been harassed or discriminated against, you can seek advice from your state or territory anti-discrimination or equal opportunity commission. There is no obligation to make a formal complaint. However, if the commission advises you that the issues appear to be within its jurisdiction, you may choose to lodge a formal complaint with the commission.

The commission may investigate your complaint. The commission may also attempt to conciliate the complaint on a confidential basis. If this fails, or if it is not appropriate, the complaint may go to a formal hearing. The tribunal will make a finding and decide what action, if any, will be taken.

If you do lodge a complaint with the commission, an appropriate person from our organisation (e.g. an MPIO) will be available to support you during the process. You may also wish to have a legal representation, particularly if the complaint goes to a formal hearing.

Contact details for the state and territory anti-discrimination and equal opportunity commissions are available on the Play by the Rules website: <http://www.playbytherules.net.au/resources>.

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Serious incidents, such as assault or sexual assault, will be reported to the police.

Attachment D2: MEDIATION

Mediation is a process that seeks to resolve complaints with the assistance of an impartial person – the mediator.

The mediator does not decide who is right or wrong and does not tell either side what they must do. Instead, he or she helps those involved to discuss the issues and seeks to facilitate a mutually agreeable solution.

Our approach to mediation follows the steps set out below.

1. KNSW will appoint an appropriate mediator to help resolve the complaint. This will be done under the direction of KNSW Operations Manager and in consultation with the complainant and the respondent(s). The mediator will be an independent person in the context of the complaint, however this does not preclude a person with an association with KNSW acting as mediator.
2. The mediator will talk with the complainant and respondent(s) about how the mediation will take place and who will participate. At a minimum, the mediator will prepare an agenda of issues to be discussed.
3. All issues raised during mediation will be treated confidentially. We also respect the rights of the complainant and the respondent(s) to pursue an alternative process if the complaint is not resolved.
4. If the complaint is resolved by mediation, where appropriate the mediator may seek to ensure the parties execute a document that sets out the agreement that has been reached. This agreement will be signed by the complainant and the respondent(s). We expect the parties involved to respect and comply with the terms of the agreement.
5. If the complaint is not resolved by mediation, the complainant may:
 - write to the KNSW MPIO to request that the MPIO reconsider the complaint; and
 - approach any relevant external agency, such as an anti-discrimination or equal opportunity commission, to resolve the matter.

We recognise that there are some **situations where mediation may not be appropriate**, including:

- when the people involved have completely different versions of the incident;
- when one or both parties are unwilling to attempt mediation;
- when there is a real or perceived power imbalance between the people involved;
- matters that involve serious allegations.

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Attachment D3: INVESTIGATION PROCESS

There will be times when a complaint will need to be investigated and information gathered.

An investigation helps determine the facts relating to the incident. Recommendations as to possible findings and next steps.

Any investigation we conduct will be fair to all people involved. The investigation process will be undertaken by an unbiased person.

If we decide that a complaint should be investigated, we will follow the steps outlined below.

1. We will provide a written brief to the investigator that sets out the terms of engagement and his or her roles and responsibilities.
2. The investigator may:
 - interview the complainant and record the interview in writing;
 - provide full details of the complaint to the respondent(s) so that they can respond
 - interview the respondent(s) to allow them to answer the complaint and record the interview in writing;
 - obtain statements from witnesses and collect other relevant evidence;
 - make a finding as to whether the complaint is:
 - **substantiated** (there is sufficient evidence to support the complaint)
 - **inconclusive** (there is insufficient evidence either way);
 - **unsubstantiated** (there is sufficient evidence to show that the complaint is unfounded);
 - **mischievous, vexatious or knowingly untrue.**
 - provide a report to the Operations Manager documenting the complaint, the investigation process, the evidence and, if requested, any findings and recommendations.
3. KNSW will provide a report to the complainant and the respondent(s) documenting the complaint, the investigation process and summarising key points from the investigation.
4. The complainant and the respondent(s) will be entitled to support throughout this process from their chosen support person or adviser (e.g. MPIO).

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Attachment D4: TRIBUNAL PROCEDURES

We will follow the steps set out below to hear formal complaints made under our Member Protection Policy.

Preparing for a Tribunal hearing

1. A Tribunal panel will be established, according to the rules set out in our constituent documents, rules and by-laws, to hear a complaint that has been referred to it by KNSW MPIO
2. The number of Tribunal panel members required to be present throughout the hearing will be three tribunes, one to be a chairperson, a prosecutor and a tribunal registrar.
3. The Tribunal panel members will be provided with a copy of all the relevant correspondence, reports or information received and sent by the KNSW MPIO relating to the complaint/allegations.
4. The Tribunal hearing will be held as soon as practicable. However, adequate time must be provided for the respondent(s) to prepare for the hearing.
5. The KNSW MPIO will inform the respondent(s) in writing that a Tribunal hearing will take place. The notice will outline:
 - that the person has a right to appear at the Tribunal hearing to defend the complaint/allegations;
 - the details of the complaint and of all allegations, as well as the provision or clause of any policy, rule or regulation that has allegedly been breached;
 - the date, time and venue of the Tribunal hearing;
 - that verbal and/or written submissions can be presented at the Tribunal hearing;
 - that witnesses may attend the Tribunal hearing to support the position of the respondent/s;
 - an outline of any possible sanctions that may be imposed if the complaint is found to be true;
 - That legal representation will not be allowed. *[The respondent may be assisted by a support person at a Tribunal hearing. For example, where the respondent is a minor, he or she should have a parent or guardian present. However, a person cannot be a support person if he or she has been admitted to the practise as a lawyer or worked as a trainee lawyer.]* A copy of any investigation report findings will be provided to the respondent(s).
6. KNSW will notify the complainant in writing that a Tribunal hearing will take place. The notice will outline:
 - that the person has a right to appear at the Tribunal hearing to support their complaint;
 - the details of the complaint, including any relevant rules or regulations the respondent is accused of breaching;
 - the date, time and venue of the Tribunal hearing;
 - that verbal and/or written submissions can be presented at the Tribunal hearing;
 - that witnesses may attend the Tribunal hearing to support the complainant's position;
 - that legal representation will not be allowed. *(The respondent may be assisted by a support person at a Tribunal hearing. For example, where the respondent is a minor, he or she should have*

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a parent or guardian present. However, a person cannot be a support person if he or she has been admitted to practice as a lawyer or worked as a trainee lawyer.)

A copy of the investigation report findings will be provided to the complainant.

7. If the complainant believes the details of the complaint are incorrect or insufficient, he or she should inform KNSW MPIO as soon as possible so that the respondent(s) and members of the Tribunal panel can be properly informed of the complaint.
8. If possible, the Tribunal panel should include at least one person with knowledge or experience of the relevant laws/rules (e.g. anti-discrimination).

Tribunal hearing procedure

9. The following people will be allowed to attend the Tribunal hearing:
 - Tribunal panel members;
 - the respondent(s);
 - the complainant;
 - any witnesses called by the respondent(s);
 - any witnesses called by the complainant;
 - any parent/guardian or support person required to support the respondent or the complainant.
10. If the respondent(s) is not present at the set hearing time and the Tribunal chairperson considers that no valid reason has been presented for this absence, the Tribunal hearing will continue subject to the chairperson being satisfied that all Tribunal notification requirements have been met.
11. If the Tribunal chairperson considers that there is a valid reason for the non-attendance of the respondent(s), or the chairperson does not believe the Tribunal notification requirements have been met, then the Tribunal hearing will be rescheduled to a later date.
12. If the Tribunal chairperson wishes to reschedule the Tribunal hearing date, the Tribunal chairperson will inform KNSW MPIO of the need to reschedule the hearing and KNSW will arrange for the Tribunal to be reconvened.
13. The Tribunal chairperson will read out the complaint, ask each respondent if he or she understands the complaint and if he or she agrees or disagrees with the complaint.
14. If the respondent agrees with the complaint, he or she will be asked to provide any evidence or witnesses that should be considered by the Tribunal when determining any sanctions.
15. If the respondent disagrees with the complaint, the complainant will be asked to describe the circumstances that lead to the complaint being made.
 - Reference may be made to brief notes.
 - The complainant may call witnesses.
 - The respondent may question the complainant and any witnesses.

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16. The respondent will then be asked to respond to the complaint.

- Reference may be made to brief notes.
- The respondent may call witnesses.
- The complainant may ask questions of the respondent and any witnesses.

17. The complainant and respondent(s) may be present when evidence is presented to the Tribunal hearing. Witnesses may be asked to wait outside the hearing until they are required.

18. The Tribunal may:

- consider any evidence, and in any form, that it deems relevant; ask questions of any person giving evidence;
- limit the number of witnesses (including limiting witnesses to those persons who only provide new evidence);
- require (to the extent it has power to do so) the attendance of any witness it deems relevant; and act in an inquisitorial manner in order to establish the truth of the issue/complaint before it.

19. Video evidence, if available, may be presented. Arrangements for the viewing of this evidence must be made entirely by the person(s) wishing to offer this type of evidence.

20. If the Tribunal panel considers that at any time during the hearing there is any unreasonable or intimidatory behaviour from anyone, the Tribunal chairperson may deny further involvement of that person in the hearing.

21. After all the evidence has been presented, the Tribunal will make its decision in private. The Tribunal must decide whether the complaint has, on the balance of probabilities, been substantiated.

22. All Tribunal decisions will be by majority vote.

23. The Tribunal chairperson may announce the decision of the Tribunal at the conclusion of the hearing. Alternatively, he or she may reserve the decision of the Tribunal at the conclusion of the hearing and deliver the decision at a later time.

24. The respondent(s) will have the opportunity to make submissions to the Tribunal in relation to any sanctions that may be imposed.

25. Within 48 hours of the Tribunal delivering its decision, the State registrar will:

- forward a notice of the Tribunal's decision to the KNSW Clubs, Officials, Board and KNSW staff, including details of any sanction imposed.
- forward a letter reconfirming the Tribunal's decision to the respondent(s), including any sanction imposed. The letter should also outline the process and grounds for an appeal, if allowed.

26. The Tribunal does not need to provide written reasons for its decision.

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Appeals procedure

Note: It is considered good practice to provide a process to appeal against a decision of a Tribunal. However, the grounds for an appeal should be specific; for example, they may be limited to a denial of procedural fairness or the imposition of an unreasonable penalty. The jurisdiction of the appeal body should be outlined in your Constitution. Any inconsistency between the policy and KNSW's other procedures is problematic and may mean the decision of an appeal body under this policy is invalid.

27. A complainant or a respondent(s) may lodge with KNSW an appeal in relation to the decision of a Tribunal on one or more of the following grounds:

- a) the severity of the penalty and /or;
- b) an error in the application and interpretation of the Rules; and /or
- c) Natural Justice having been denied at the relevant hearing.
- d) Neither the appellant nor the respondent may produce any new evidence at the appeal without the prior written permission of the Tribunal. Any such request to produce new evidence must be submitted with the Notice of Appeal. The Tribunal shall not give permission to produce new evidence unless.
 - i) The evidence could not by reasonable diligence have been obtained by the appellant prior to the conclusion of the Hearing; and
 - ii) Which is of sufficient value that, considered with other evidence which was before the Hearing, the Stewards or Disciplinary Tribunal may have reached a different decision.

- 28. A person wanting to appeal from a Disciplinary Tribunal must lodge a letter setting out the basis for their appeal with the KNSW State Office within 24 hours of the decision being made. (An appeal fee (to be determined) shall be included with the letter of intention to appeal.)
- 29. If the letter of appeal is not received by KNSW within this time, the right of appeal will lapse. If the letter of appeal is received but the appeal fee is not received within this time, the appeal will also lapse.
- 30. The letter of appeal and the notice of the Tribunal's decision (clause 24) will be forwarded to KNSW for review and to decide whether there are sufficient grounds for the appeal to proceed.

KNSW may invite any witnesses to the meeting that he or she believes are required to make an informed decision.

- 31. If the appellant has not shown sufficient grounds for an appeal in accordance with clause 27, then the appeal will be rejected. The appellant will be notified in writing, including the reasons for the decision. *(The appeal fee will be forfeited.)*
- 32. If the appeal is accepted, an Appeal Tribunal with new panel members will be convened to rehear the complaint.
- 33. The Tribunal hearing procedure shall be followed for the Appeal Tribunal.
- 34. The decision of the Appeal Tribunal will be final and binding.

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This record and any notes must be kept confidential and secure. If the issue becomes a formal complaint, this record is to be given to KNSW Complaints Officer.

Attachment E2:
RECORD OF FORMAL COMPLAINT

Formal Complaint

Complainant's Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Over 18 <input type="checkbox"/> Under 18	Date Formal Complaint Received: / / Time:
Complainant's contact details	Phone: Email:	
Complainant's Role/status	<input type="checkbox"/> Official (volunteer) <input type="checkbox"/> Parent <input type="checkbox"/> Committee member <input type="checkbox"/> Spectator <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Name of person complained about (respondent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Over 18 <input type="checkbox"/> Under 18	
Respondent's Role/status	<input type="checkbox"/> Official (volunteer) <input type="checkbox"/> Parent <input type="checkbox"/> Committee Member <input type="checkbox"/> Spectator <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Location/event of alleged issue		
Description of alleged issue		
Nature of complaint (category/basis/grounds) Can tick more than one box	<input type="checkbox"/> Harassment or <input type="checkbox"/> Discrimination <input type="checkbox"/> Sexual/sexist <input type="checkbox"/> Selection dispute <input type="checkbox"/> Directing methods <input type="checkbox"/> Sexuality <input type="checkbox"/> Personality clash <input type="checkbox"/> Verbal abuse <input type="checkbox"/> Race <input type="checkbox"/> Bullying <input type="checkbox"/> Physical abuse <input type="checkbox"/> Religion <input type="checkbox"/> Disability <input type="checkbox"/> Victimisation <input type="checkbox"/> Pregnancy <input type="checkbox"/> Child Abuse <input type="checkbox"/> Unfair decision <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Methods (if any) of attempted informal resolution		

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Formal resolution procedures followed (outline)	
In appropriate behaviour: Details of internal discipline process followed:	Support / Counselling offered to the person against whom the complaint was made? Yes/ No Details:
If investigated: Finding -	
If mediated: Date of mediation - Were both parties present - Terms of Agreement - Any other action taken -	
Resolution	<input type="checkbox"/> Less than 3 months to resolve <input type="checkbox"/> Between 3 – 8 months to resolve <input type="checkbox"/> More than 8 months to resolve
Completed by	Name: Position: Signature: / /
Physical/Sexual Abuse	Reported to Department of Family & Community Services Yes / No Person Spoken to: Date: Time: Reported to Police Yes / No Person Spoken to: Date:
Signed by:	Complainant: Respondent:

This record and any notes must be kept confidential and secure. If the complaint is of a serious nature.

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Record of Child Abuse allegation

Before completing, ensure the procedures outlined in attachment any club/association procedures have been followed and the relevant government agency and/or police advised.

Complainant's Name (if other than the child)		Date Formal Complaint Received: / /
Role/status in club		
Child's name		Age:
Child's address		
Person's reason for suspecting abuse (e.g. observation, injury, disclosure)		
Name of person complained about		
Role/status in club	<input type="checkbox"/> Official (volunteer) <input type="checkbox"/> Parent <input type="checkbox"/> Committee Member <input type="checkbox"/> Spectator <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Witnesses (if more than 3 witnesses, attach details to this form)	Name (1): Contact details: Name (2): Contact details: Name (3): Contact details:	
Interim action (if any) taken (to ensure child's safety and/or to support needs of person complained about)		
Police contacted	Who: When: Advice provided:	
Government agency contacted	Who: When: Advice provided:	
Chairperson contacted	Who: When:	
Police and/or government agency investigation	Finding:	
Internal investigation (if any)	Finding:	

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Action taken	
Completed by	Name: Position: Signature: / /
Signed by	Complainant (if not a child)

This record and any notes must be kept in a confidential place and provided to the relevant authorities (police and government) should they require them.

Attachment E3:
PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING ALLEGATIONS OF CHILD ABUSE

If you believe a child is in immediate danger or a life-threatening situation, contact the Police immediately on 000.

Fact sheets on reporting allegations of child abuse in different states and territories are available at www.playbytherules.net.au

KNSW will treat any allegation of child abuse or neglect promptly, seriously and with a high degree of sensitivity.

All people working with KNSW in a paid or unpaid capacity have a duty to report any concerns to the appropriate authorities, following the steps outlined below.

Step 1: Receive the allegation

If a child or young person raises with you an allegation of child abuse or neglect that relates to them or to another child, it is important that you listen, stay calm and be supportive.

Do	Don't
Make sure you are clear about what the child has told you	Do not challenge or undermine the child
Reassure the child that what has occurred is not his or her fault	Do not seek detailed information, ask leading questions or offer an opinion.
Explain that other people may need to be told in order to stop what is happening.	Do not discuss the details with any person other than those detailed in these procedures.
Promptly and accurately record the discussion in writing.	Do not contact the alleged offender.

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Step 2: Report the allegation

- Immediately report any allegation of child abuse or neglect, or any situation involving a child at risk of harm, to the police and/or the relevant child protection agency. You may need to make a report to both.
- Contact the relevant child protection agency or police for advice if there is any doubt about whether the allegation should be reported.
- If the allegation involves a person to whom this policy applies, then also report the allegation to the KNSW MPIO so that he or she can manage the situation.

Step 3: Protect the child and manage the situation

- KNSW MPIO will assess the immediate risks to the child and take interim steps to ensure the child's safety and the safety of any other children. This may include redeploying the alleged offender to a position where there is no unsupervised contact with children, supervising the alleged offender or removing/suspending him or her until any investigations have been concluded. Legal advice should be sought before any interim steps are made if the person is an employee of KNSW.
- KNSW MPIO will consider what services may be most appropriate to support the child and his or her parent/s.
- KNSW MPIO will consider what support services may be appropriate for the alleged offender.
- KNSW MPIO will seek to put in place measures to protect the child and the alleged offender from possible victimisation and gossip.

Step 4: Take internal action

- At least three different investigations could be undertaken to examine allegations that are made against a person to whom this policy applies, including:
 - a criminal investigation (conducted by the police)
 - a child protection investigation (conducted by the relevant child protection agency)
 - a disciplinary or misconduct inquiry/investigation conducted by KNSW complaints officer.
- KNSW will assess the allegations and determine what action should be taken in the circumstances. Depending on the situation, action may include considering whether the alleged offender should return to his or her position, be dismissed, banned or suspended or face other disciplinary action.
- If disciplinary action is undertaken, we will follow the procedures set out in (Clause 9) of our Member Protection Policy.
- Where required KNSW will provide the relevant government agency with a report of any disciplinary action KNSW take.

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Contact details for advice or to report an allegation of child abuse

Australian Capital Territory	
ACT Police Non-urgent police assistance Ph: 131 444 www.afp.gov.au	Office for Children, Youth and Family Services http://www.communityservices.act.gov.au/ocyfs Ph: 1300 556 729
New South Wales	
New South Wales Police Non-urgent police assistance Ph: 131 444 www.police.nsw.gov.au	Department of Family and Community Services www.community.nsw.gov.au Ph: 132 111

Document History		
Version	Effective Date	Description of Changes
1.0	01 January 2019	New Policy